

Using the stick and the carrot

How hard can it be to capture and measure societal and economic impact in a **Research Information System**?

Henrik S Rasmussen, Director of Open Platforms, Elsevier June 2019



Hoberham d 20 Juni 1911.

Muderlyande billader sig at analyz om et Rejecolipsendinum
pare 2500 Ke til et elaniejt Gludisephold and udenlanderhe
Universalitie

Waldight

Mich Bohr
De. phil

Copenhagen June 20th 1911

The undersigned allow himself to apply for a travel grant of 2,500 DKK to study for one year at foreign universities

Yours sincerely Niels Bohr,

To the management team at the Carlsberg Foundation

Research Information Systems (RIS)

A RIS is an application + underlying database to store, manage and exchange contextual metadata for the research activity funded by a research funder or conducted at a research-performing organisation (or aggregation thereof).

A System of Record - SoR



Capture & reuse of data



Validate & certify



Profile researchers



Identify experts & funding



Report on the captured data



Analyse & track research process



Monitor research grant lifecycle



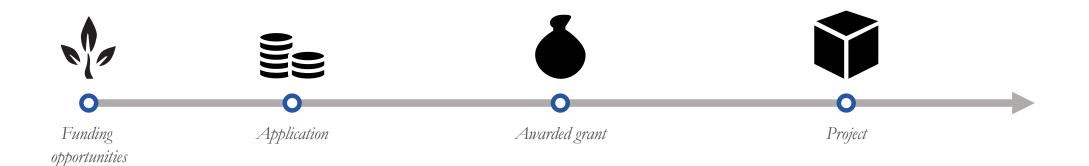
Research assessment support

RIS providers	Converis	Symplectic Elements	Pure	Institutional Repository based systems	Homegrown systems
	Clarivate Analytics	Digital Science	Elsevier		

TRACK & TRACE

Research activity and the impact of research

A RIS offer features to interlink content in the entire research process



Midsize UK university – 2018 data (No. of academics: 1,394)

1,950

Applications

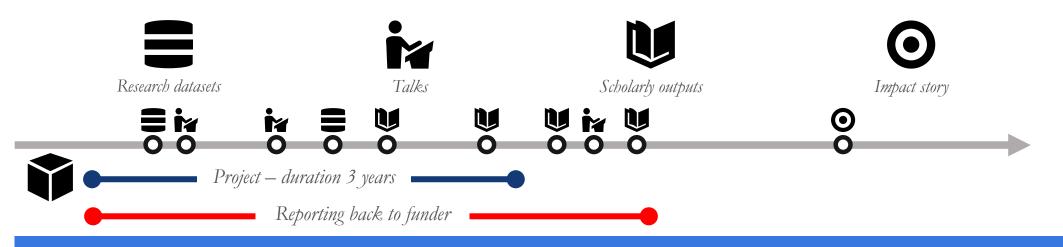
427

Granted awards

1,255

Funded projects

...interlink content in the entire research process



Midsize UK university – 2018 data

6,282
Scholarly outputs

64

303

9

27

Research datasets

Talks

Patents

Impacts stories

"... Systems such as Pure offer institutions the ability to collect more information about their research activities than ever before. Measuring the research activity at an institution is so much more than just citations and we are asking our researchers to record every aspect their research activity...

...But does the data we collect answer the strategic questions our institutions are asking, and do the range of systems we all use fit together well enough to enable a real, joined together, and complete picture of the research being produced?

Karen Kay, Deputy Head of Research Planning, Birmingham University

TRACK & TRACE

Research and impact of research

TRACK & CHASE

Busy academics

Reporting impact back to funders – two examples





Some of the contractual obligations beside narrative & financial reports:

Promote the action and its results

Disseminate results

Ensure open access

Take measures aiming to ensure 'exploitation' of the results — up to four years after the end of the project

Acknowledge EU funding in disseminated results

There is a standard interface to push research results to H2020 + FP7 using OpenAIRE.

You need you key in the project ID on the project entity and link all results to the project in your RIS and the transfer happens automatically always be up-to-date.



UK Research and Innovation

Researchfish is used by funding organisations, across the globe to capture and measure outputs and outcomes of research awards. Reporting capabilities gives an understanding of the activities of research, showing pathways to research impact.

All leading research funders and research organisations understand the need to fully report the impact of their funding. The growing repository of impact reports demonstrates to stakeholders the value of the research they perform ensuring the continuation of funding and in many circumstances an increase in funding.

ResearchFish do not offer a standard interface and the relevant data from a RIS cannot directly be ingested.

You either have to gather the data in a spreadsheets and ingest it or key it in again in Researchfish



Ease the burden for all stakeholders:

academics, institutions, funders, providers etc.

It is all about interoperability:

Legal interoperability

Organisational interoperability

Semantic interoperability

Technical interoperability

Support the Open
Science agenda with
Interoperability & the
use of open standards

Use a framework like CERIF - Common European Research Information Format



RETURN OF INVESTMENT

Can impact be quantified?

A few examples how impact is measured

Research Excellence Framework (REF)

Standard Evaluation Protocol (SEP)

Clinical and Translational Science Award (CTSA)

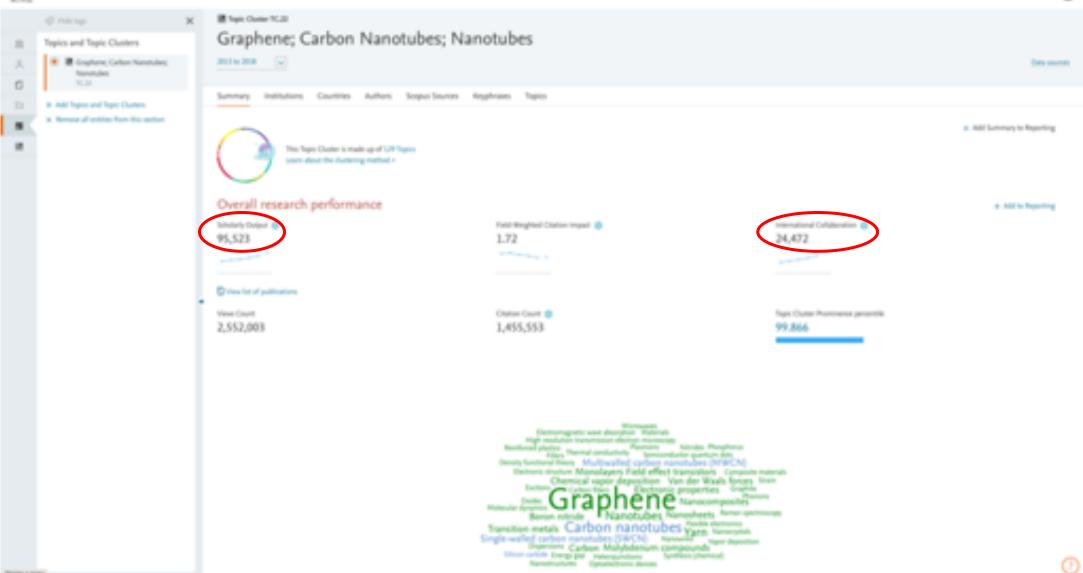
CLAIM THE IMPACT

success stories has many fathers, failure is an orphan









Overview Sendmarking Californian Sends Reporting MySchill Scapes > O E

(Bioscience, 2018)

Journal List + CNAJ + v.182(4): 2010 Mar 9 + PMC2831678



CMAJ, 2010 Mar 9; 182(4); E199-E200.

Published online 2010 Feb 4. doi: 10.1503/cmaj.109-3179

PMCID: PMC2831678

PMID: 20142376

Lancet retracts 12-year-old article linking autism to MMR vaccines

Laura Eggertson

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This article has been cited by other articles in PMC.

Twelve years after publishing a landmark study that turned tens of thousands of parents around the world against the measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) vaccine because of an implied link between vaccinations and autism, The Lancet has retracted the paper.

In a statement published on Feb. 2, the British medical journal said that it is now clear that "several elements" of a 1998 paper it published by Dr. Andrew Wakefield and his colleagues (Lancet 1998;351[9103]:637-41) "are incorrect, contrary to the findings of an earlier investigation."

Dr. Richard Horton, editor of The Lancet, declined through a spokesperson to speak to CMAJ about this issue.

In the original paper, Wakefield and 12 coauthors claimed to have investigated "a consecutive series" of 12 children referred to the Royal Free Hospital and School of Medicine with chronic enterocolitis and regressive developmental disorder. The authors reported that the parents of eight of the 12 children associated their loss of acquired skills, including language, with the MMR vaccination. The authors concluded that "possible environmental triggers" (i.e. the vaccine) were associated with the onset of both the gastrointestinal disease and developmental regression.



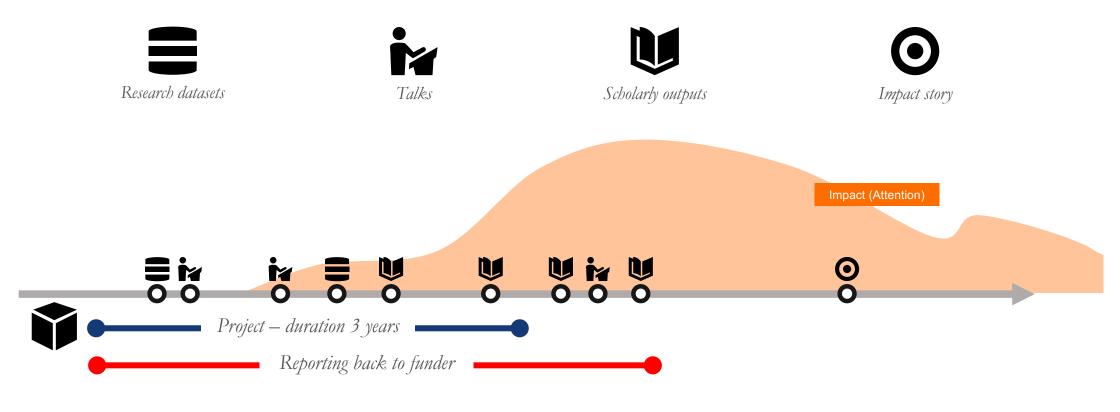
Outcomes

"...Last month (2018) the World Health Organization said the huge surge in measles across Europe was due to low MMR vaccination rates. More than 41,000 cases of measles were reported in the European region between January and June. Last year there were nearly 24,000 for the whole 12 months, the highest count in any year of the last decade..."

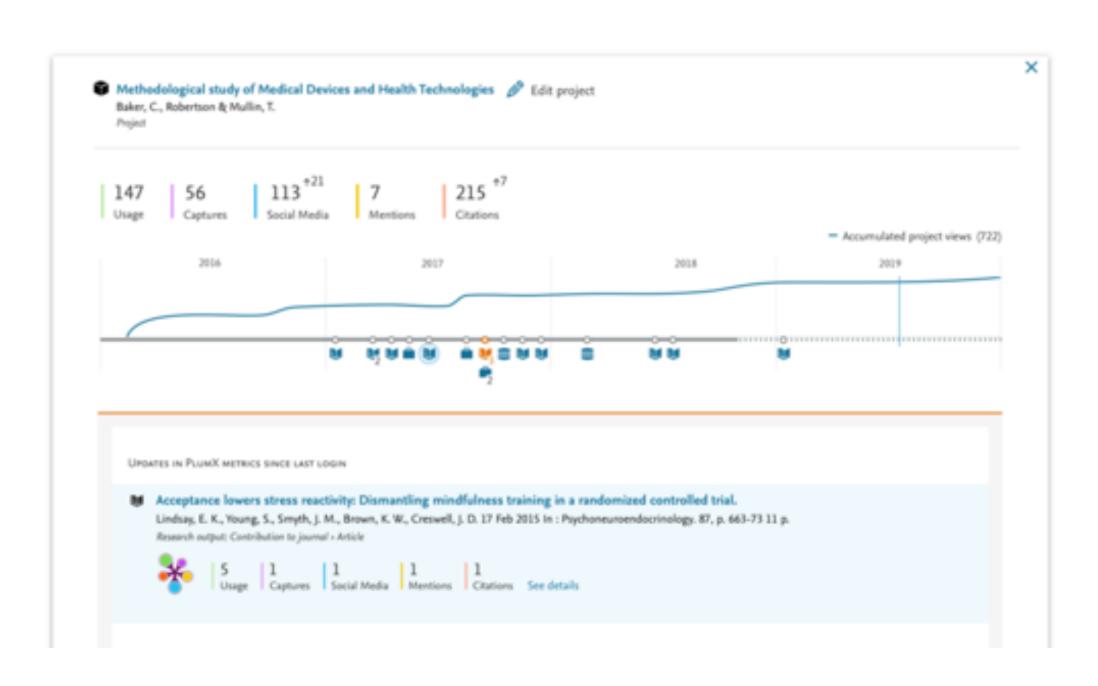
https://www.theguardian.com/society/2018/sep/18/take-up-mmr-vaccine-falls-fourth-year-in-a-row-england-measles

CAN A RESEARCH INFORMATION SYSTEM HAVE AN IMPACT ON IMPACT?

Measuring the impact and attention on a project











According to **US News World Ranking**, Aalborg University ranks as no. 260 in the overall world university rankings and as no. 4 in the world, and best in Europe, within the field of Engineering.





The global state of the art in engineering education

In a 2018 MIT report, Aalborg University is considered to have the best engineering programme in Europe - a programme that takes fourth place in the world!

15.06.19





Thank you

